



## COVID-19 and prostate cancer general information

The correct name for the virus is SARS-coronavirus-2 and the disease it causes is Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19). SARS means Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome. Throughout the document this new (novel) disease will be referred to as COVID-19.

This document is intended to provide general information and is not intended to replace medical advice. Prostate Scotland **cannot give individual advice or recommend which treatments might be suitable for an individual or recommend individual medical care or health professionals** – patients should always check with their urologist, oncologist, CNS or GP regarding treatments. As the following is general information, guidance and procedures for each health board may be slightly different. If you have been given specific advice from your urologist, oncologist, CNS or GP then you should always follow their advice.

We have compiled this information on [COVID-19](#) and [prostate cancer](#) to the best of our knowledge and understanding at the present time. As the situation is constantly changing, almost on a daily basis, and as more knowledge and information become available, this information and guidance may change. We will try to keep you as up to date as possible.

Routine operations have been cancelled, but **some** cancer surgery is continuing. However, there are differences between health boards depending on availability of resources. As it is a constantly changing situation, it is best to contact your urologist, oncologist or CNS who can advise on what is happening in your area

Your cancer treatment plan is individual to you. In all cases, it is important to think about the risks and benefits. Since some cancer treatments make it more difficult to fight infection, there is a potential increased risk of infection with [COVID-19](#).

However, some men with prostate cancer, due to age ie those over 70 and those with additional conditions such as diabetes, heart disease maybe more at risk of severe symptoms if they catch [COVID-19](#).

Your oncologist may want to [review your treatment plan](#) with you to ensure it still best suits your needs and discuss any changes that may be appropriate. This will only ever be done to reduce overall risk and harm.

Your oncologist and GP will try to minimise the amount of time you spend in hospital departments and at the [GP practice](#); for example, arranging telephone consultations

and offering blood tests at a different NHS site. Make sure everyone involved in your care and treatment has your up-to-date contact details.

Certain treatments for cancer can affect how well the immune system works. In particular, this may be the case for those men having [chemotherapy](#) treatments for their [prostate cancer](#). Their immune system may be affected and not work so well during their treatment and for a number of weeks or months afterwards. Those having treatment(s) over a number of months may be at a greater risk of developing more severe complications if they contract [COVID-19](#) (or indeed colds, 'flu or tummy bugs) during their treatment.

Some people with specific cancers should receive a letter from NHS Scotland outlining more specific advice to keep themselves safe.

<https://www.nhsinform.scot/illnesses-and-conditions/infections-and-poisoning/coronavirus-covid-19/coronavirus-covid-19-shielding>

### **Who can I contact?**

Potentially your best point of contact for information in your particular circumstances will be your Clinical Nurse Specialist (CNS). As you will understand, NHS staff are under a great deal of pressure at the moment and you may not get through to speak to the CNS straight away. You may be asked to leave your name and telephone number so a member of staff can call you back or they may advise on an email address that you can reach the person on.

If you attend your [GP practice](#) for follow-up and treatments for your [prostate cancer](#), then the GP or Practice Nurse may be the best person to contact. Again, you may be asked to leave your name and telephone number so a member of staff can call you back.

If your urologist, oncologist, CNS, GP or someone from the NHS is trying to get in touch with you, this may show on your phone as 'number withheld'. It may be best to answer 'number withheld' calls in this current situation, especially if you have left your name and number for a call back. They will let you know straight away who is calling.

You may receive a text from NHSNoReply. These are usually texts to give you information and don't allow you to get back in touch.

Another very helpful source of information is this leaflet produced by the Scottish Government: <https://www.gov.scot/binaries/content/documents/govscot/publications/advice-and-guidance/2020/03/coronavirus-covid-19-tailored-advice-for-those-who-live-with-specific-medical-conditions/documents/cancer/cancer/govscot%3Adocument/Cancer%2BPatient%2BInfo%2Bguidance%2B-%2B090420.pdf>

## What is the policy about treatment currently?

The NHS Scotland and the Scottish Government has stated the NHS will continue to provide vital cancer treatments, and emergency and urgent care for all patients.

If it becomes necessary, it will **prioritise** some patients for treatment based on need.

If you are being treated with [chemotherapy](#) or [radiotherapy](#), individual [decisions](#) based on the benefits and risks of treatment may have to be made with you as the rate of [COVID-19](#) infection in the community rises. Different therapy options involving fewer visits to hospital may be offered to you. A lot of surgical procedures may now carry far greater risks due to [COVID-19](#). Because of this, other treatment plans may be proposed and discussed with you.

## Shielding – what is it, why is it essential and the recent change to this guidance

**Please note.** You can see the latest Scottish Government guidance on '[shielding](#)' You can also download the 2 page PDF route map on shielding.

On the 23<sup>rd</sup> July 2020, the Scottish Government announced that [shielding](#) is to be paused from **1.8.20**. You should receive a letter or SMS text message confirming the latest changes announced and that shielding is to be paused.

Some additional changes have now been announced to the original guidance on [shielding](#)

[As from 24.7.20](#) a number of changes were announced to the guidance on [shielding](#).

This includes being able to meet with up to **8** people from **2** other households each day **indoors**, being able to meet **outdoors** with up to **15** people from **4** other households, travel in a car with someone you don't live with, use public transport, go to pubs and restaurants staying in the outdoor areas, go to shops and indoor markets, go to the barbers or hairdresser and visit indoor attractions and if you live alone you can form an extended household with one other household. You should wear a face covering if you can't physically distance and face coverings are compulsory on public transport and in shops.

Continue to wash your hands with soap and water regularly especially when you get home if you've been out and about,

You can see more details in our 'Info Guidance' page on shielding [here](#).

You can also watch a video about shielding [here](#).

Further guidance about going out and about has been produced by the government:

1. A guide to help you understand what activities are safer than others can be found [here](#)

2. A tool to help you protect yourself during daily activities can be found [here](#)  
A [workplace risk assessment tool](#) to help people consider their individual risk when returning to work is also available.

If you have not already registered with the SMS text service, then it may be worth considering doing so. A COVID-19 forecasting service for shielding is being developed and people who have been [shielding](#) will be informed through the SMS text service about the risk of being exposed to COVID-19 in their local area.

In the future, the Government is looking at other ways that shielding might change. As the situation changes and as more knowledge and information become available, guidance on shielding will change. We will try to keep you as up to date as possible with these changes.

For those people who are at very high risk of severe illness additional protection measures are advised which involves minimising all interaction between them and others (called shielding).

Those who are extremely vulnerable should:

- not leave their homes (please see guidance above as this has been updated)
- minimise all non-essential contact with other members of their household

For more information on shielding go to <https://www.nhsinform.scot/illnesses-and-conditions/infections-and-poisoning/coronavirus-covid-19/coronavirus-covid-19-shielding>

People who fall into this category will be contacted by the NHS by letter or email. Some people may find that they receive more than one letter if they have multiple 'shielding' conditions. 'Shielding' applies to men who are being treated by [chemotherapy](#) for their prostate cancer.

If you discover that you are not on the "very vulnerable" list and don't receive a letter, but think you should be, you should contact your GP, or you can register via the NHS111 website to receive a letter. Having this letter might be helpful in terms of getting priority for home deliveries etc.

### **Thank you to our NHS**

We would like to take this opportunity to sincerely thank **all** NHS staff throughout Scotland who are doing a wonderful job in extremely challenging, difficult and unprecedented circumstances who have been working tirelessly to support all patients.

Although the weekly Thursday night 'Clap for our Carers' has come to an end, join the nation on **Thursday 25<sup>th</sup> March 2021 at 8pm** to celebrate our carers in the '[Clap for our Carers Day](#)' – a date to put in your diary now.

## What about men with prostate cancer?

Whether there may be implications for a man diagnosed with [prostate cancer](#) and his risk from [COVID-19](#) will depend on a number of factors including age, treatment(s), overall health and whether he has additional health conditions. It is very important to follow the measures already set out by the Scottish Government and NHS

Scotland. <https://www.gov.scot/binaries/content/documents/govscot/publications/advice-and-guidance/2020/03/coronavirus-covid-19-tailored-advice-for-those-who-live-with-specific-medical-conditions/documents/cancer/cancer/govscot%3Adocument/Cancer%2BPatient%2BInfo%2Bguidance%2B-%2B090420.pdf>

The NHS Scotland and the Scottish Government has stated the NHS will continue to provide vital cancer treatments, and emergency and urgent care for all patients.

If it becomes necessary, it will **prioritise** some patients for treatment based on need.

If you are being treated with [chemotherapy](#) or [radiotherapy](#), [individual decisions](#) based on the benefits and risks of treatment may have to be made with you as the rate of [COVID-19](#) infection in the community rises. Different therapy options involving fewer visits to hospital may be offered to you. A lot of surgical procedures may now carry far greater risks due to [COVID-19](#). Because of this, other treatment plans may be proposed and discussed with you.

Considerations and [decisions](#) about cancer treatments for the individual man will still be assessed by the Multi-Disciplinary Team (MDT). Guidance on treatments and prioritising treatments has been issued and is available to the health boards.

It would seem that for men diagnosed with [early-stage prostate cancer](#) (depending on individual circumstances) and being treated by the following:

- Your prostate cancer is managed or to be managed by [Active Surveillance](#) (AS)
- You have a [prostatectomy](#) (removal of the prostate) planned in the near future
- You have a planned programme of [external beam radiotherapy](#)
- You have a [brachytherapy](#) operation planned in the near future

you are not at increased risk of severe disease with [COVID-19](#). This is because [early prostate cancer](#) has not been shown to significantly affect your immune system and your ability to fight viral and bacterial infections normally.

You should **strictly follow** the measures already set out by the Scottish Government and NHS Scotland.

## **Guidance on [hospital clinics](#), prostate cancer treatment and being in hospital.**

It is a very worrying time for everyone with information and guidance changing from day to day. This may be even more so if you are undergoing tests for [prostate cancer](#), have just been diagnosed with or are undergoing treatment for prostate cancer.

You may find the following patient information on the British Association of Urologist very helpful. [https://www.baus.org.uk/patients/covid19\\_patient\\_information.aspx](https://www.baus.org.uk/patients/covid19_patient_information.aspx)

### **Might there be some delays?**

At this very difficult time there may be unavoidable delays in having some tests, scans, some treatments and obtaining test results and in some cases, these may be postponed.

Part of these delays may be to ensure that any equipment used e.g. [CT](#) scanners will be cleansed and disinfected to prevent any contamination of the equipment by [COVID-19](#).

### **Who should I contact if I become unwell or develop side effects while on treatment for cancer?**

If you have chest pain, significant bleeding or you need immediate medical attention call 999.

If you have a temperature or shivering or 'flu-like symptoms while you are on treatment for cancer, or for any side-effects of drug treatment, call your local cancer treatment helpline, or the national Cancer Treatment Helpline on 0800 917 7711.

They will ask a series of questions and will give advice or arrange for you to have a medical review at your nearest hospital.

### **Additional useful websites**

<b>Organisation</b>	<b>Website/email</b>
Prostate Scotland	<a href="http://www.prostatescotland.org.uk">www.prostatescotland.org.uk</a>
For information on support groups please see	<a href="http://www.prostatescotland.org.uk/help-and-support-for-you/support-groups">www.prostatescotland.org.uk/help-and-support-for-you/support-groups</a>
NHS Inform	<a href="http://www.nhsinform.scot/">www.nhsinform.scot/</a>
24-hour national cancer treatment helpline	0800 917 7711

Scottish government	<a href="http://www.gov.scot/coronavirus-covid-19/">www.gov.scot/coronavirus-covid-19/</a> <a href="https://www.gov.scot/binaries/content/documents/govscot/publications/advice-and-guidance/2020/03/coronavirus-covid-19-tailored-advice-for-those-who-live-with-specific-medical-conditions/documents/cancer/cancer/govscot%3Adocument/Cancer%2BPatient%2BInfo%2Bguidance%2B-%2B090420.pdf">https://www.gov.scot/binaries/content/documents/govscot/publications/advice-and-guidance/2020/03/coronavirus-covid-19-tailored-advice-for-those-who-live-with-specific-medical-conditions/documents/cancer/cancer/govscot%3Adocument/Cancer%2BPatient%2BInfo%2Bguidance%2B-%2B090420.pdf</a>
NHS 24	<a href="http://www.nhs24.com">www.nhs24.com</a> 111
British Association of Urological surgeons (BAUS)	<a href="http://www.baus.org.uk/patients/covid19_patient_information.aspx">www.baus.org.uk/patients/covid19_patient_information.aspx</a>
Cancer Support Scotland	<a href="http://www.cancersupportscotland.org/">www.cancersupportscotland.org/</a>
Macmillan cancer support Support nurses	<a href="http://www.macmillan.org.uk">www.macmillan.org.uk</a>
Cancer research UK Cancer information nurses	<a href="http://www.cancerresearchuk.org">www.cancerresearchuk.org</a>
The Beatson Cancer Treatment Helpline	For Beatson patients only 0141 301 7990
Maggie's Centres	<a href="http://www.maggies.org">www.maggies.org</a> <a href="mailto:enquiries@maggies.org">enquiries@maggies.org</a>
Prostate Cancer UK	<a href="http://www.prostatecanceruk.org">www.prostatecanceruk.org</a> <a href="http://www.prostatecancer.org/coronavirus">www.prostatecancer.org/coronavirus</a> <a href="https://prostatecanceruk.org/get-support/our-specialist-nurses">https://prostatecanceruk.org/get-support/our-specialist-nurses</a>
<b>For mental health help and information</b>	
Mind	<a href="http://www.mind.org.uk/information-support/coronavirus-and-your-wellbeing/">www.mind.org.uk/information-support/coronavirus-and-your-wellbeing/</a>
Mental Health UK	<a href="https://mentalhealth-uk.org/help-and-information/covid-19-and-your-mental-health/">https://mentalhealth-uk.org/help-and-information/covid-19-and-your-mental-health/</a>
Breathing Space	Phone 0800 83 85 87 (6pm to 2am, weekdays and 24 hours at the weekend)
SAMH	<a href="https://www.samh.org.uk/">https://www.samh.org.uk/</a> SAMH (Scotland's mental health)

Prostate Scotland is a charity registered in Scotland (SC037494) and a company registered in Scotland (SC306268).  
Registered Office Princes Exchange, 1 Earl Grey Street, Edinburgh EH3 9EE

Samaritans Scotland	<a href="https://www.samaritans.org/scotland/samaritans-in-scotland/">https://www.samaritans.org/scotland/samaritans-in-scotland/</a>
<b>For general information and help with money worries</b> CAB Citizens Advice Bureau	<a href="http://www.citizensadvice.org.uk/scotland/">www.citizensadvice.org.uk/scotland/</a>

### **New national service**

A new national helpline has been set up (as from 15.4.20) to provide vital help to those people who don't have a network of support (such friends, family, neighbours) but who are at **high risk** of contracting [COVID-19](#)

The helpline number is 0800 111 4000. The helpline is currently available from 9.00am to 5pm but there are plans to increase the number of hours the helpline will be available each day.

The service will offer help to those who do not have family/friends/other support, those who cannot get online, those who are over 70, those who are disabled, those who require the support of mental health services, or receive a 'flu jab for health reasons. This service is in addition to the support already available for people who have received letters advising them to [shield](#) themselves.

People who call this helpline (0800 111 4000) will be put through to their local authority who will help them get the service they need, such as:

- essential food and medication
- links to local social work services for vulnerable children or adults
- emotional support
- contact with local volunteer groups.

### **About this information**

The information contained in this leaflet has been developed by Prostate Scotland and reviewed by members of our advisory group, [PAGES](#).

**Date:** 13.8.20 © Prostate Scotland